# Hypertension

High blood pressure, which is also called hypertension, raises your risk for heart disease, stroke, kidney disease and eye damage. You have the ability to lower your blood pressure and live a healthy life.

## **Understanding Your Numbers**



- Systolic upper number: The pressure when the heart squeezes to pump blood to your body
- Diastolic bottom number: The pressure when the heart relaxes and fills with blood

Blood Pressure	Systolic	Diastolic
Normal	Less than 120	Less than 80
Elevated blood pressure	120 – 129	Less than 80
High blood pressure	130 or higher	80 or higher

## Limit Your Salt Intake

•

Sodium, or salt, is a mineral that is important for maintaining normal fluid balance in your body. Decreasing the sodium in your diet is an excellent way to lower your blood pressure. The daily recommendation of sodium is 2,300 mg per day. A low sodium can be less than 2,000 mg or 1,500 mg per day.

Most of the sodium you eat throughout the day does not come from the saltshaker but in fact it is already added to the foods you are consuming, think packaged or restaurant foods.

<b>Nutrition Facts</b>	1. LOOK AT THE SERVINGS SIZE AND		
4 servings per container Serving size 1 1/2 cup (208g)	SERVINGS PER CONTAINER. THIS ITEM HAS 4 SERVINGS.		
Amount per serving Calories 240 % Daily Value*	2. LOOK AT THE MG OF SODIUM. IN THIS PRODUCT, A 1.5 CUP SERVING HAS 430MG OF SODIUM. THE WHOLE		
Total Fat 4g 5%	PRODUCT HAS 1,720MG OF SODIUM.		
Saturated Fat 1.5g 8%			
Trans Fat 0g			
Choiesteroi 5mg 2%	Aim to choose low or no sodium packaged food items.		
Sodium 430mg 19%			
Total Carbonydrate 46g 17%	"Low Sodium" = 140 mg of sodium per serving		
Dietary Fiber 7g 25%	"No Sodium" = less than 5 mg of sodium per serving		
Total Sugars 4g	You may be surprised to read the labels in your		
Includes 2g Added Sugars 4%	pantry – look at your bread, packaged foods, cheese,		
Protein 11g	processed meats and cold cuts, pasta dishes, sauces and		
Vitamin D 2mcg 10%	other salty snacks.		
Calcium 260mg 20%			
Iron 6mg 35%			
Potassium 240mg 6%	S <sup>0</sup> 2 HARMONY		
* The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.	678-554-7576 • www.HarmonyNutritionATL.com		

#### **Increase Fruits and Vegetables**

Eat at least 5 servings of fruits and vegetables daily to help manage your blood pressure. They contain:

- **POTASSIUM** a mineral found in both fruits and vegetables that directly counters the effect of salt on your body.
- **ANTIOXIDANTS** naturally occurring chemicals that protect against free radicals. Creating a colorful plate with produce increases the variety of antioxidants in your diet.

## **Cooking Without Salt**

Salt is used to preserve foods so fresh foods are generally lowest in sodium. Be mindful of what you are using when cooking your meals.

Use seasoning with no salt or sodium in the ingredient list. Try fresh or dried herbs and spices, lemon, garlic, onion to flavor your foods naturally.

#### AVOID

- garlic salt, onion salt, celery salt
- dry salad dressing mixes
  meat tenderizers

- lemon pepper
- barbecue, taco, and steak sauce

#### **Regular Exercise = Stronger Heart**

A stronger heart can pump more blood with less effort. This decreases the force on the arteries and lowers your blood pressure!

#### CONSULT YOUR DOCTOR BEFORE STARTING AN EXERCISE PROGRAM

The American Heart Association recommends at least 150 minutes per week of moderate-intensity aerobic activity or 75 minutes per week of vigorous aerobic activity.

#### MODERATE-INTENSITY AEROBIC ACTIVITIES

- Brisk walking
- Water aerobics
- Dancing
- Tennis
- Biking (<10 mph)

#### VIGOROUS-INTENSITY AEROBIC ACTIVITIES

- Hiking
- Running
- Swimming laps
- Jumping rope
- Biking (>10mph)

#### Where will you take action?

- Check Nutrition Facts labels for sodium levels
- Work to include 5 servings of fruits and vegetables per day
- Increase physical activity
- Use herbs and spice instead of salt to season food
- Rinse canned foods well to remove salt
- Choose reduce sodium, low sodium, light sodium, or sodium free foods
- Make salad dressing at home or use oil and vinegar instead of store-bought dressings
- Limit condiments and sauces on foods. Ask for them on the side at restaurants.

## START A NEW JOURNEY TO WELLNESS TODAY!



678-554-7576 www.HarmonyNutritionATL.com